1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	H. B. 2471
4	
5 6	(By Mr. Speaker (Mr. Thompson) and Delegates Boggs, Swartzmiller, Miley, Young, Sponaugle and Barrett)
7	(Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)
8	(February 19, 2013)
9	
10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$15-5-6$ and $\$15-5-19a$ of the Code of
11	West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to exercise of
12	restricted state and local authority during a declared state
13	of emergency; possession of firearms during a declared state
14	of emergency; prohibiting the restriction or otherwise
15	lawful possession, use, carrying, transfer, transportation,
16	storage or display of a firearm or ammunition during a
17	declared state of emergency; clarifying scope of right to
18	seize or confiscate otherwise lawfully-possessed firearm
19	during a declared state of emergency; providing exceptions
20	thereto; providing a remedy at law and equity for a violations
21	of this article for the improper seizure of firearms or
22	ammunition during a declared state of emergency; providing a
23	cause of action for the return of the ammunition and firearms
24	seized in violation of these proscriptions; establishing a
25	venue for actions; and providing for the award of costs and

attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
- That \$15-5-6\$ and \$15-5-19a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931,
- 3 as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
- 4 ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.
- 5 §15-5-6. Emergency powers of Governor.
- 6 The provisions of this section shall be operative only during
- 7 the existence of a state of emergency. The existence of a state of
- 8 emergency may be proclaimed by the Governor or by concurrent
- 9 resolution of the Legislature if the Governor in such proclamation,
- 10 or the Legislature in such resolution, finds that an attack upon
- 11 the United States has occurred or is anticipated in the immediate
- 12 future, or that a natural or man-made disaster of major proportions
- 13 has actually occurred or is imminent within the state, and that the
- 14 safety and welfare of the inhabitants of this state require an
- 15 invocation of the provisions of this section. Any such emergency,
- 16 whether proclaimed by the Governor or by the Legislature, shall
- 17 terminate upon the proclamation of the termination thereof by the
- 18 Governor, or the passage by the Legislature of a concurrent
- 19 resolution terminating such emergency.
- 20 So long as such state of emergency exists, the Governor shall
- 21 have and may exercise the following additional emergency powers:
- 22 (a) To enforce all laws <u>and</u> rules <del>and regulations</del> relating to
- 23 the provision of emergency services and to assume direct
- 24 operational control of any or all emergency service forces and
- 25 helpers in the state;
- 26 (b) To sell, lend, lease, give, transfer or deliver materials

- 1 or perform functions relating to emergency services on such terms
- 2 and conditions as he or she shall prescribe and without regard to
- 3 the limitations of any existing law and to account to the State
- 4 Treasurer for any funds received for such property;
- 5 (c) To procure materials and facilities for emergency services
- 6 by purchase, condemnation under the provisions of chapter fifty-
- 7 four of this code or seizure pending institution of condemnation
- 8 proceedings within thirty days from the seizing thereof and to
- 9 construct, lease, transport, store, maintain, renovate or
- 10 distribute such materials and facilities. Compensation for
- 11 property so procured shall be made in the manner provided in
- 12 chapter fifty-four of this code;
- 13 (d) To obtain the services of necessary personnel, required
- 14 during the emergency, and to compensate them for their services
- 15 from his or her contingent funds or such other funds as may be
- 16 available to him or her;
- 17 (e) To provide and compel the evacuation of all or part of the
- 18 population from any stricken or threatened area within the state
- 19 and to take such steps as are necessary for the receipt and care of
- 20 such evacuees;
- 21 (f) To control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area,
- 22 the movement of persons within the area and the occupancy of
- 23 premises therein;
- 24 (g) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute
- 25 prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business or the
- 26 orders, rules or regulations of any state agency, if strict

- $1\ \mbox{compliance}$  therewith would in any way prevent, hinder or delay
- 2 necessary action in coping with the emergency;
- 3 (h) To utilize such available resources of the state and of
- 4 its political subdivisions as are reasonably necessary to cope with
- 5 the emergency;
- 6 (i) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or transportation
- 7 of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives and combustibles;
- 8 (j) To make provision for the availability and use of
- 9 temporary emergency housing; and
- 10 (k) To perform and exercise such other functions, powers and
- 11 duties as are necessary to promote and secure the safety and
- 12 protection of the civilian population.
- No powers granted under this section may be interpreted to
- 14 authorize. the seizure or confiscation of a firearm from a person
- 15 unless that firearm is unlawfully possessed or unlawfully carried
- 16 by the person, or the person is otherwise engaged in a criminal act
- 17 any action that would violate the prohibitions of section nineteen-
- 18 a of this article.
- 19 §15-5-19a. Possession of firearms during a declared state of
- emergency.
- 21 No powers granted under this article to state or local
- 22 authorities may be interpreted to authorize the seizure or
- 23 confiscation of a firearm from a person during a declared state of
- 24 emergency unless that firearm is unlawfully possessed or unlawfully
- 25 carried by the person, or the person is otherwise engaged in a
- 26 <del>criminal act.</del>

- 1 (a) No person acting on behalf or under the authority of the
- 2 state or a political subdivision of the state may do any of the
- 3 following during any federal or state declared state of emergency:
- 4 (1) Prohibit or restrict the otherwise lawful possession,
- 5 use, carrying, transfer, transportation, storage or display of a
- 6 firearm or ammunition;
- 7 (2) Seize, confiscate, or authorize the seizure or
- 8 confiscation of any otherwise lawfully-possessed firearm or
- 9 ammunition unless:
- 10 (A) The person acting on behalf of or under the authority of
- 11 the state or political subdivision is:
- 12 (i) Defending himself or another from an assault; or,
- (ii) Arresting a person in actual possession of a firearm or
- 14 ammunition for a violation of law; or,
- 15 (B) The firearm or ammunition is being seized or confiscated
- 16 as evidence of a crime; or,
- 17 (3) Require registration of any firearm or ammunition.
- (b) The prohibitions of subsection (a) (1) do not prohibit the
- 19 state or an authorized state or local authority from ordering and
- 20 <u>enforcing an evacuation or general closure of businesses in the</u>
- 21 affected area during a declared state of emergency.
- 22 (c) Any individual aggrieved by a violation of this section
- 23 may seek relief in an action at law or in equity for redress
- 24 <u>against any person who subjects such individual, or causes such</u>
- 25 individual to be subjected, to an action prohibited by this
- 26 section.

- 1 (d) In addition to any other remedy at law or in equity, an
- 2 individual aggrieved by the seizure or confiscation of a firearm or
- 3 ammunition in violation of this section may bring an action for the
- 4 return of such firearm or ammunition in the circuit court of the
- 5 county in which that individual resides or in which such firearm or
- 6 ammunition is located.
- 7 (e) In any action or proceeding to enforce this section, the
- 8 court shall award a prevailing plaintiff costs and reasonable
- 9 attorney fees.